

Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## **State Perspective on Stormwater Ponds**

Shannon Hicks, P.E.
Manager, Coastal Stormwater Permitting

Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

#### **Presentation Overview**

- Why Manage Stormwater?
- State Regulatory Requirements
- Pond Maintenance
- When is a Permit Required?
- Ponds and Wetland Areas
- Local Government Stormwater Management Programs



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## Why Manage Stormwater?



 Impervious surfaces increase the amount of rain water runoff leaving a developed area at one time



- Non Point Source Pollution
  - Bacteria
- > Litter
- Chemicals
- Debris

Nutrients

> Oil



# Why Manage Stormwater?





Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## **State Regulatory Requirements**

- R. 72-300 Stormwater
   Management and Sediment
   Reduction Regulations
   (Effective June 26, 1992)
  - ✓ Quantity Control rate of flow
  - ✓ Quality Control
- Subdivisons approved prior to effective regulations exempt





Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## **Pond Stormwater Management Systems**



#### **Dry Detention Ponds**

- Bottom slope not less than 0.5 percent
- Remove depressions where water might pocket
- Ensure stormwater runoff drains out within 72 hours
- Maintain design storage capacity
- Schedule for mowing grass



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### **Pond Stormwater Management Systems**



#### Wet Detention Ponds

- Bottom slope not less than 0.5 percent
- Maintain design storage capacity
- Use aquatic weed control program to prevent overgrowth of vegetation in pond
- Recommended depth for permanent pool is 4-6 feet



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## **Pond Stormwater Management Systems**



- Outlet structures are designed to:
  - ✓ Reduce peak rate of flow
  - ✓ Control "first flush" of runoff
- Keep clear of debris



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

## **Maintenance Requirements**

- Maintenance Plan
- Letter from owner taking ownership and accepting responsibility of maintenance
- Example maintenance items:
  - Mowing grass
  - Repairing bank erosion
  - Removal sediment accumulation
  - Keep storm drains free of blockages

- Inspecting/cleaning pond outlet control structures
- Vegetation control
- Maintenance access remains clear



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### **Pond Maintenance**



- Ensure access is available for maintenance
- Do not allow sheds, fences, landscaping, or other structures in drainage easements or in drainage swales



### **Pond Maintenance**





# **Pond Maintenance**



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### State Stormwater Management Program

- State Stormwater Management Program authority does not extend to:
  - Fertilizer Application Rates
  - Pesticide, Herbicide Application Rates
  - Testing of Dredged Material
- Clemson Pesticide Regulatory Program
- Pesticide Application NPDES General Permit

https://www.scdhec.gov/Environment/WaterQuality/NPDES/PesticidePermit/

\*\*Note: Does not apply to stormwater management ponds.



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### State Stormwater Management Program

- Pond Maintenance Maintaining original intent of facility requires no land disturbance permit
- Land disturbance permitting requirements for placement of dredged material -- potentially
- Consult DHEC Wetland Staff and U.S. Army Corp of Engineers regarding maintenance activities involving wetlands



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### **EPA NPDES Stormwater Program**

- 1972: Clean Water Act
- 1990s: National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
  - ✓ Construction sites 1 acre and greater
  - ✓ Sites part of a Larger Common Plan of Development
  - ✓ SC Coastal Zone Captures Sites within
     ½ mile of a receiving water body



Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### **Local Government Stormwater Programs**

- 1990 NPDES Phase 1
  - ✓ Large and Medium Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s)
    - ✓ Medium 100,000-250,000 population
    - ✓ Large 250,000 and more population
- 1999 NPDES Phase II
  - √ Small Regulated MS4s
    - ✓ Small Population less than 100,000

Promoting and Protecting the Health of the Public and the Environment

### **Local Government Stormwater Programs**

#### Six Minimum Control Measures

- 1. Stormwater Runoff Program for Construction Activities
- 2. Stormwater Runoff Program for Post Construction
- Public Education and Outreach
- 4. Public Involvement/Participation
- 5. Illicit Discharge, Detection and Elimination
- 6. Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping



# www.scdhec.gov (803) 898-DHEC (3432)





Check us out on YouTube. www.youtube.com/scdhec

